https://dspace.mm-aist.ac.tz

Life sciences and Bio-engineering

Research Articles [LISBE]

2024-01

Solvothermal liquefaction of orange peels into biocrude: An experimental investigation of biocrude yield and energy compositional dependency on process variables

Kariim, Ishaq

Elsevier

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.biortech.2023.129928

Provided with love from The Nelson Mandela African Institution of Science and Technology

Solvothermal liquefaction of orange peels into biocrude: An experimental investigation of biocrude yield and energy compositional dependency on process

variables

Ishaq Kariim, Ji-Yeon Park, Wajahat Waheed Kazmi, Hulda Swai, In-Gu Lee, Thomas Kivevele

To download the complete text, click that link.

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.biortech.2023.129928

Abstract

The efficient valorization of biomass for energy-derived biocrudes is essential for effective waste

management. However, the production of biocrudes with high energy and reduced oxygen

contents during the liquefaction process requires further insight. Therefore, the impact of

reaction temperature, residence time, and ethanol: acetone on the energy compositions and

bioproduct's yield enhancement were investigated. The biocrudes obtained were characterized

using elemental analysis, GC-MS, FTIR, GPC and TGA to understand the effects of process

parameters on the biocrudes' compositions. An improved HHV (38.18 MJ/kg) and lower O/C

ratio (0.11) were obtained at 430 °C, 35 min and 50% ethanol with a significant improvement in

the enhancement factor, deoxygenation, and percentage hydrogenation of 2.63, 36.88%, and

77.87%, respectively. The presence of ketones, hydrocarbons, phenolics and aromatics of 23.74,

4.28, 37.20 and 17.81% respectively indicate the potential of the obtained biocrude as renewable

energy sources upon further upgrading.